







# Carbon storage monitoring (MMV)

**Technology Showcase** 

Session 1

Net Zero Technology Centre, Aberdeen

29th October 2024

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**Transition** 

**Authority** 

## **CS Monitoring Technology Showcase 29.10.2024**



#### **Morning**

09:00	Arrival, registration and coffees	
09:30	NZTC - Welcome and safety brief	
09:40	NSTA - Introduction and keynote	
Session 1: MMV technology selection for projects		
10:00	Storegga - MMV requirements and technology way forward - Findings of the CS Task Force	
10:15	Spirit Energy – Monitoring strategies and technologies at Morecambe Net Zero	
10:30	ExxonMobil - CS monitoring philosophy and onshore experience at LaBarge	
10:45	TGS - Deploying monitoring technologies at European carbon storage projects	
11:00	Shell - Induced seismicity monitoring for offshore CCS	

## 11.30-12.45 - Technology showcase & networking (Sandwich lunch)



#### Afternoon

Session 2: Geophysical and in-well technologies		
12.55	TenzorGEO - Passive seismic/Microseismic monitoring during CO2 injection	
13.05	Baker Hughes - Holistic approach to CCS site monitoring: safety & compliance through advanced MMV	
13.15	Reach Subsea - Gravity and seabed displacement monitoring for CO2 injection	
13.25	SpotLight Earth – Unlock predictive maintenance for CCS	
13.35	Expro - Downhole monitoring for CO2 stores	
13:45- (Coffe	-14:30 - Technology showcase & networking ees)	

### Session 3: Well and marine monitoring

14:30	Weatherford - Optical sensing in CCS surveillance
14:40	Metrol Technology - Downhole wireless monitoring for carbon storage
14:10	Halliburton - CCS as a dynamic system (and implications for MMV)
15:00	Quantum Pro – Intelligent tracers for CO2 geological storage
15:10	Fugro - Seismic, seabed and water column monitoring - Integrated examples from the US GOM
15:20	NOC Innovations – Autonomous monitoring service (AMS)

#### 15:30 - Technology showcase & networking

## Thank you



**Exhibitors Presenters Attendees** 























**Weatherford** 





AMBRIDGE

BIO  $\mu$  AGNETICS







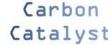






















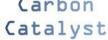


**SPOTLIGHT** 





















## **North Sea Transition Forum – Task Forces**



Chaired by the NSTA and OEUK, the North Sea Transition Forum (NSTF) provides senior government and industry leadership for the offshore oil and gas industry <a href="https://www.nstauthority.co.uk/about-us/north-sea-transition-forum-and-task-forces/">https://www.nstauthority.co.uk/about-us/north-sea-transition-forum-and-task-forces/</a>

Two of the seven NSTF Task Forces have greatly helped the organisation of our Technology Showcase today



- Addresses the key challenges and opportunities facing this new sector, facilitating dialogue between all stakeholders, and working together to deliver strategic direction and tangible results.
- Through the work of the Monitoring subgroup, published *Recommendations of monitoring* technologies earlier in 2024
- This report is available on the Taskforce web site <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/company/co2-transportation-and-storage-taskforce/posts/?feedView=all">https://www.linkedin.com/company/co2-transportation-and-storage-taskforce/posts/?feedView=all</a>



- The TLB works with industry, regulators, and technology developers to accelerate progress and adoption of innovative solutions for the offshore energies
- CCUS is a priority area for the <u>North Sea</u> <u>Transition</u> Workstream led by bp
- Details on the TLB and its Workgroups are available on our website <a href="https://www.the-tlb.com/">https://www.the-tlb.com/</a>



## Carbon storage monitoring

Keynote

Ian Barron, Senior Geoscientist, Monitoring Lead UK Carbon Transportation & Storage

29<sup>th</sup> October 2024

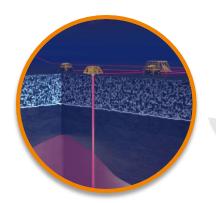
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## **NSTA** – What we do



Infrastructure



**Accelerating the energy** transition

Integration Carbon storage and hydrogen Co-location and spatial Digital and data Cost-effective decommissioning

Capital

Licence to operate

**Energy production & security** 

Economic recovery of O&G Storage: Natural gas and H<sub>2</sub>



#### **Emission reduction**

Clean power generation Flaring and venting Efficiencies **Technology** 

## **Carbon storage ambitions**

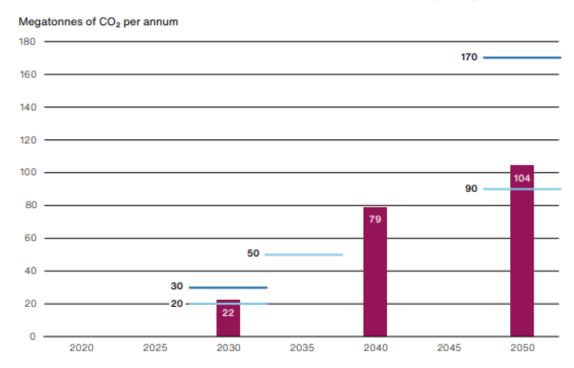


- Significant deployment of carbon storage required to meet UK government targets
- Cost reduction is key as we move towards the government's vision of establishing a competitive market
- Monitoring is one area where ongoing operational costs have scope for reduction through application of new technology
- Cooperation between licensees, operators and technology companies will be key to reducing cost of new technology development and deployment
- Not replacing detailed feasibility studies for each potential store under appraisal, but to accelerate research and development of new industry-standard solutions
- Focus on the right technology applied at the right time

#### Figure 3

Climate Change Committee's (CCC's) assessment of how much Carbon Capture, Usage and Storage (CCUS) will need to be deployed under its Balanced Net Zero pathway, 2020 to 2050

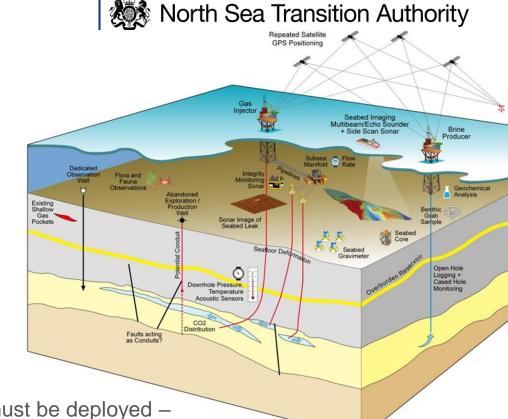
If the government achieves its minimum ambition for CCUS deployment, this will be below the CCC's assessment of how much CCUS will be needed to achieve the Balanced Net Zero pathway



- Total amount of CO<sub>a</sub> captured in the CCC's Net Zero pathway
- Government's maximum ambition
- Government's minimum ambition

## **Monitoring requirements**

- The UK CO<sub>2</sub> storage <u>regulations</u> require Monitoring to:
  - Compare the actual & modelled behaviour of the injected CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Detect significant irregularities\*
  - Detect migration\* of CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Detect leakage\* of CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Detect any adverse effects on the environment
  - **Assess** effectiveness of any corrective measures
  - Update the Containment Risk Assessment
- The NSTA does not take a prescriptive approach to the technology that must be deployed
  - No presumption of 4D seismic
  - "monitoring must include (where possible) the monitoring of the CO<sub>2</sub> plume, and (where appropriate) of the surrounding environment"
  - We consider each store on a case-by-case basis with respect to areas such as technology deployment and monitoring frequency (for example)
- The technology in the core plan should be proven; novel technology can be deployed alongside proven methods to assess suitability for later inclusion in the core plan
- Technology must be of an appropriate resolution (time and space) to detect significant irregularities or leakage



# Technology showcase & networking

## **Exhibitors**

#### **Hub level**

































#### **Upper level**







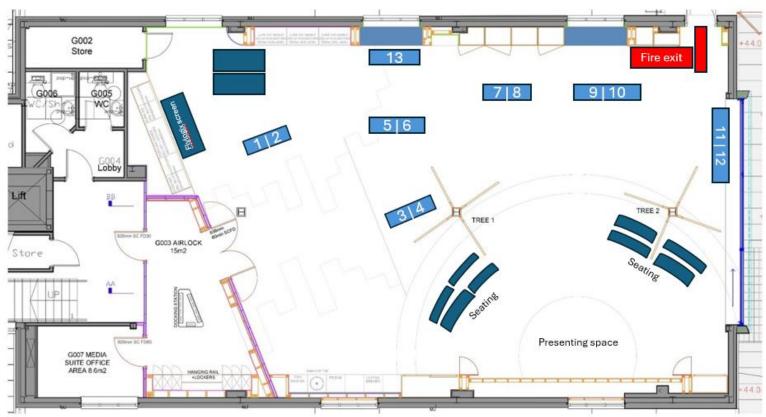






## **Technology showcase**

#### **Hub level**



Pod 1 - TGS

Pod 2 - Sentinel Subsea

Pod 3 – SolGeo

Pod 4 – NOC Innovation

Pod 5 – Metrol Technologies

Pod 6 – SpotLight Earth

Pod 7 – Quantum Pro

Pod 8 – Baker Hughes

Pod 9 – Viridien

Pod 10 – Weatherford

Pod 11 – Expro

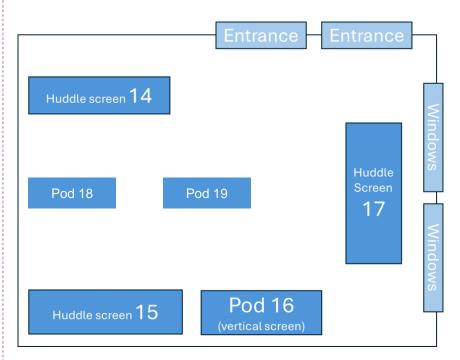
Pod 12 – Reach Subsea

Pod 13 - Halliburton



## North Sea Transition Authority

#### **Upper level**



Pod 14 – SLB

Pod 15 – Silixia

Pod 16 – Cambridge Biomagnetics

Pod 17 – Fugro

Pod 18 – Sonardyne

Pod 19 - TenzorGEO